

The Internet for Criminal Prosecutors



The Asia-Pacific Economic
Telecommunications Working Group
(APECTEL)

**First Meeting of The Security and Prosperity
Steering Group
Experts' Group on Cybercrime**

**Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
September 24, 2011**

1

What you need to know

What evidence is available
Investigative techniques

2

Topics we'll cover

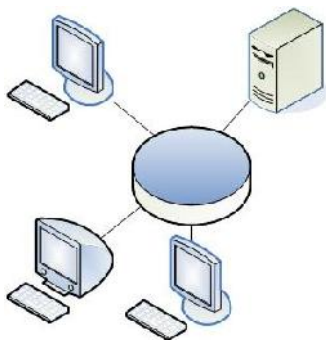
Do you know all of this already?

- Networks
- ISPs
- Packet switching
- IP addresses
- IP tracebacks
- WHOIS
- Wireless Internet (Wi-Fi)
- NATs
- Proxies
- Client/server model
- Peer-to-peer file sharing
- Hacking
- Social engineering
- Botnets

3

Network

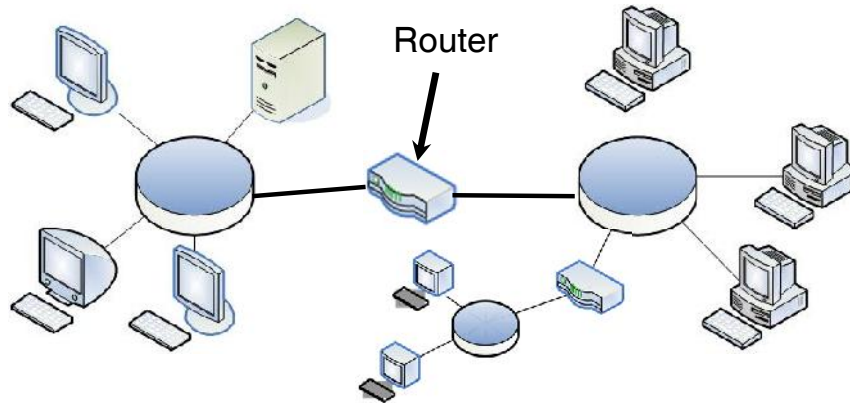
Computers connected together



4

Internetwork

Networks connected together



5

Internet

The biggest internetwork on the planet

ARPANET GEOGRAPHIC MAP, OCTOBER 1980



6

Server

A networked computer offering a service



7

The client/server model

Why the Internet is useful



Send me
"www.tasteyoulove.com"

Client request

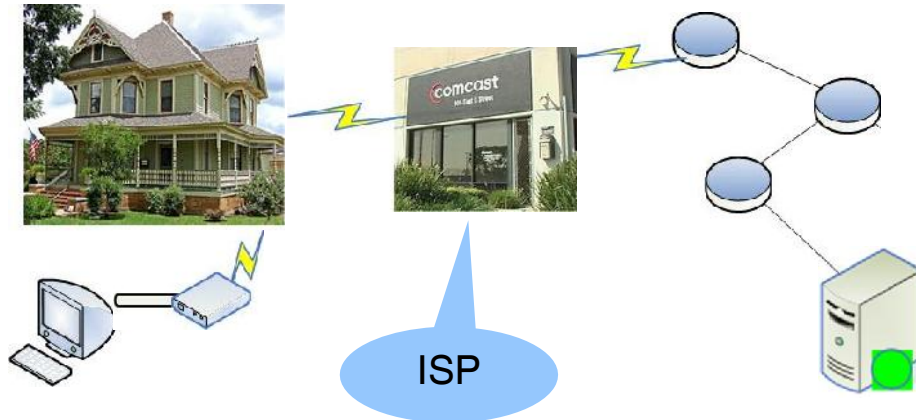


Server response

8

Internet Service Provider (ISP)

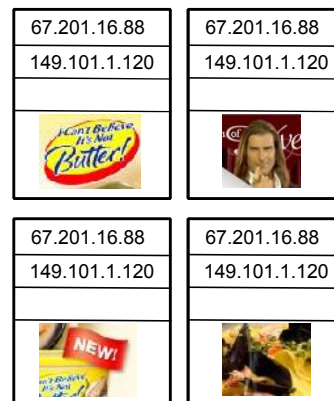
A company that connects you to the Internet



9

How computers send data

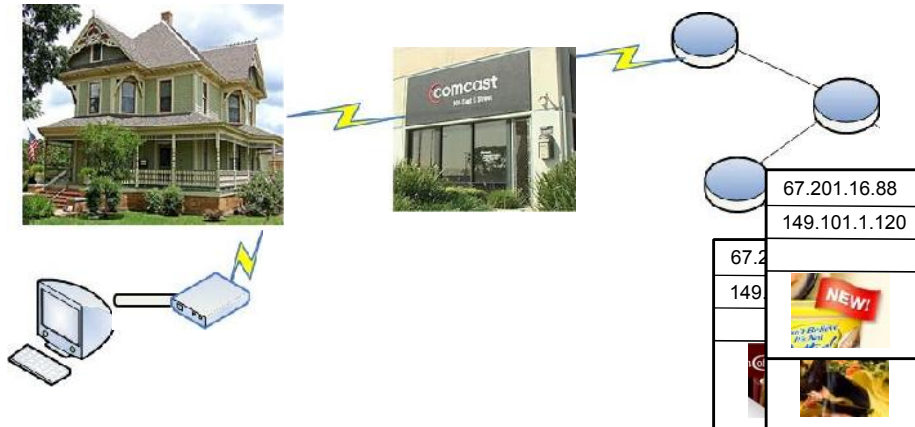
Everything is broken up into “packets”



10

How computers send data

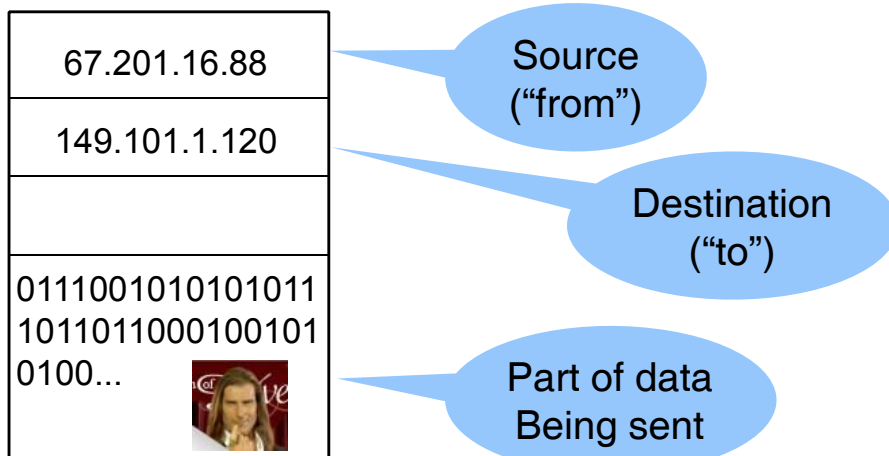
Computers send the packets



11

Internet Protocol (IP) Addresses

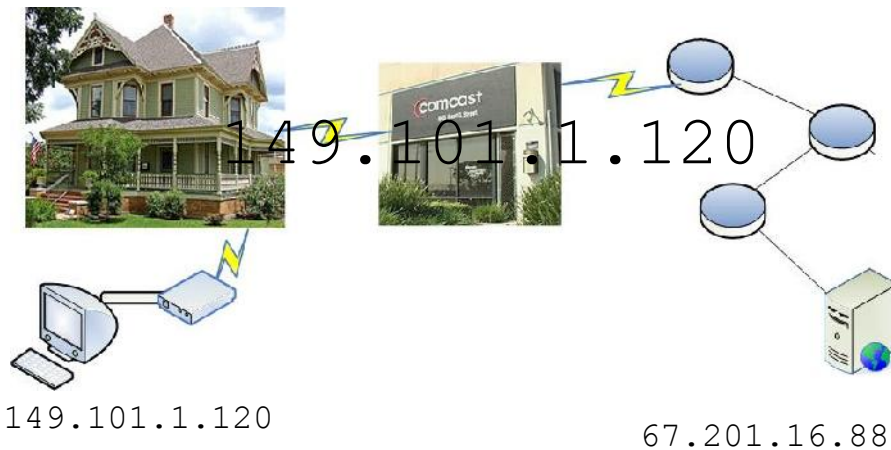
Tell the Internet where to send packets



12

Internet Protocol (IP) Addresses

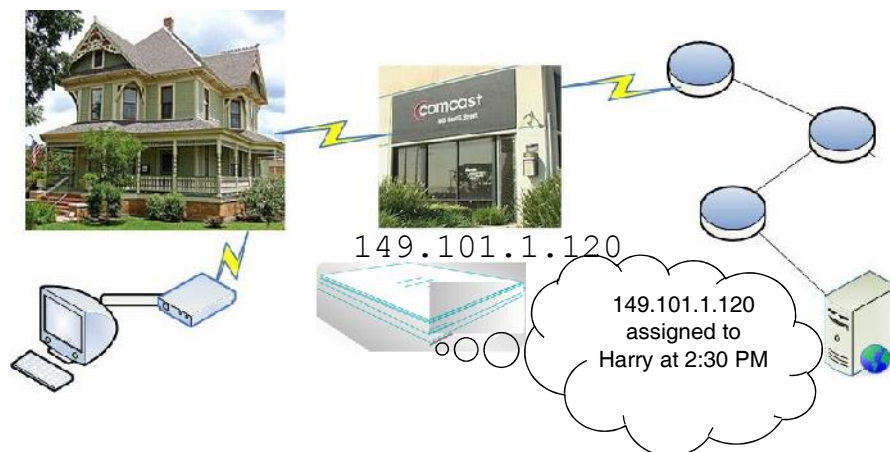
Everyone on the Internet has one



13

Assigning IP addresses

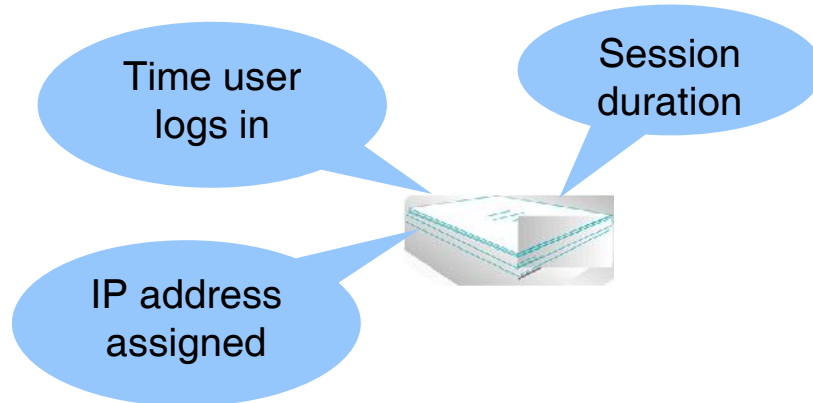
Assigned to home users by their ISP



14

ISP logs

ISPs keep track



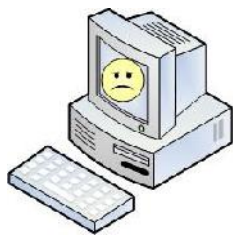
15

Investigative Techniques

16

IP address as clue

Investigations focus on getting the IP address

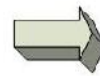


Computer
crime scene



149.101.1.120

IP address



Suspect

17

Traceback

Learning who was using an IP address

149.101.1.120



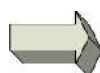
?

18

Traceback, Step 1

Use IP whois to learn the ISP for that address

149.101.1.120



19

Using WHOIS to look up an IP

Easy way: www.domaintools.com

20

Using WHOIS to look up an IP

Easy way: www.domaintools.com

IP Information for 24.15.12.168

IP Location:	 United States Chicago Comcast Cable Communications
Resolve Host:	c-24-15-12-168.hsd1.il.comcast.net
IP Address:	24.15.12.168 W R P D T
Blacklist Status:	Clear

OrgName: Comcast Cable Communications, Inc.
 OrgID: CMCS
 Address: 1800 Bishops Gate Blvd
 City: Mt Laurel
 StateProv: NJ
 PostalCode: 08054
 Country: US

21

Get the logs from Comcast

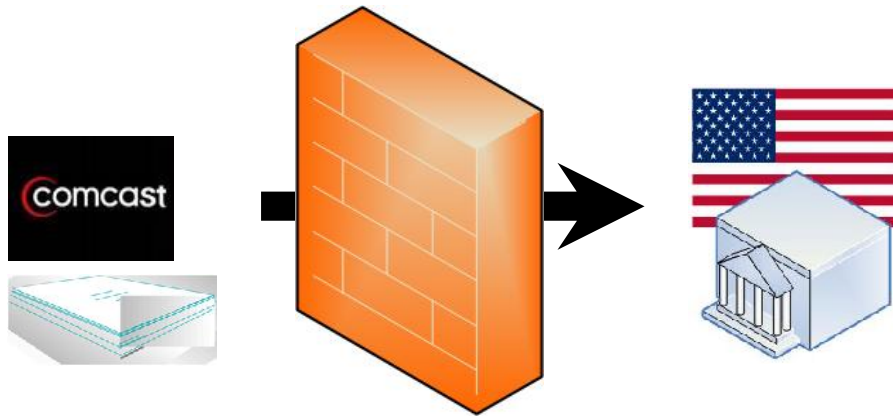
Ask them who had that IP address



22

Introducing ECPA

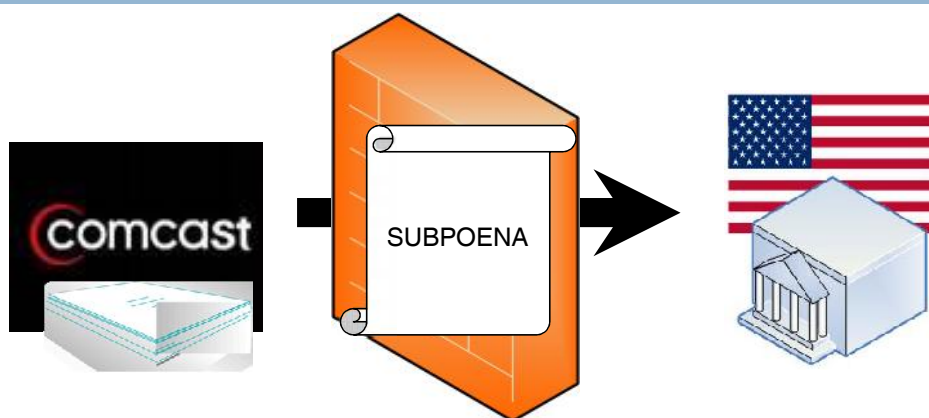
Electronic Communications Privacy Act
(18 U.S.C. § 2701-11)



23

ECPA and the Traceback

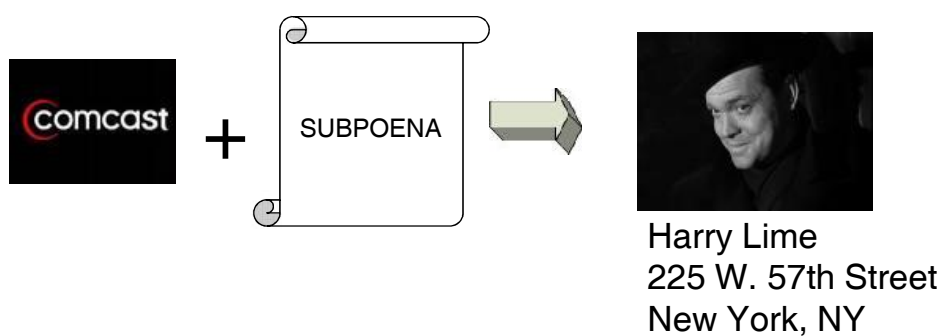
Use a subpoena to get subscriber info



24

Traceback, ideally

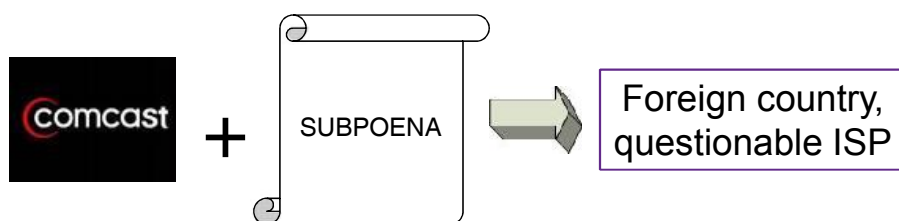
Now, the ISP can tell you who it was



25

Complications

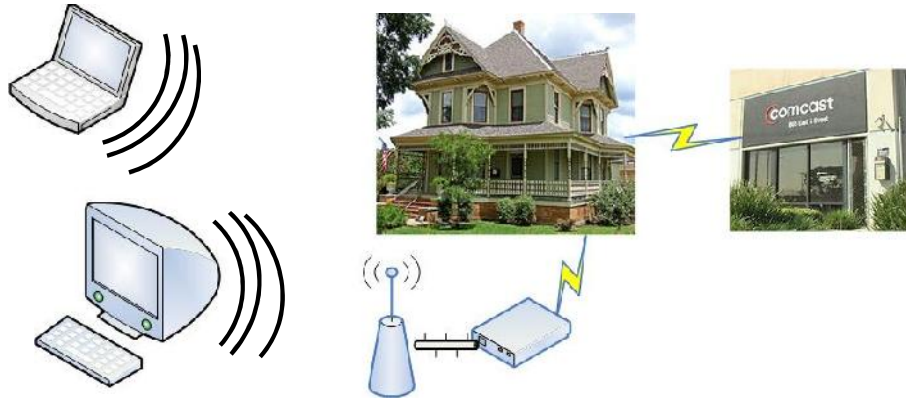
What if it isn't this easy?



26

Wireless (Wi-Fi) Internet

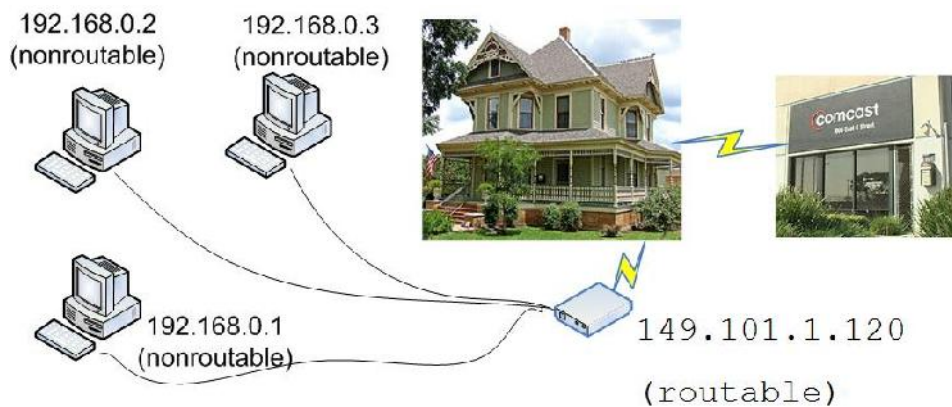
Using radio instead of cables



27

Network Address Translation

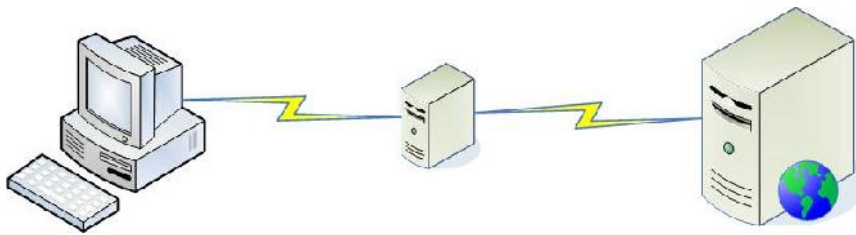
The NAT: Sharing IP addresses



28

Proxy

Hiding IP addresses by using intermediaries



29

Scenario

Scam e-mail sent. Who sent it?

Date: Thu, 22 Oct 2009 11:59:02 +0100
To: nospam@mailinator.com
From: admin@lottery.co.uk
Subject: WINNER OF UK LOTTERY USD\$4.6M.

If you are the correct owner of this email address then be glad this day as the result of the UK lotto online e-mail address free-ticket winning draws of 29th August 2009 has just been released and we are glad to announce to you that your email address won

30

Analyzing e-mail headers

Closer to the top = closer to the truth

Received: from qsmtp1.tiresrflat.info (unknown [174.127.82.151]) ...; Mon, 23 May 2011 15:05:22 -0400 (EDT)

Reply-To: <philmat58@yahoo.com.hk>

Date: Mon, 23 May 2011 14:05:23 -0500

To: nospam@mailinator.com

From: admin@lottery.co.uk

Subject: WINNER OF UK LOTTERY USD\$4.6M.

If you are the correct owner of this email address ...

31

Look up that IP

Using our friend Domaintools

Whois Lookup <small>(I Know a Domain Name)</small>	Reverse Whois <small>(I Know a Domain Owner)</small>	Domain Availability <small>(I Want to Buy a Domain)</small>
Search Domain Ownership Records Tell us a domain name and we'll tell you all about that domain's ownership. What's this?		
<input type="text" value="174.127.82.151"/>		<input type="button" value="Search for Domain >"/>
<small>Example: ccmainools.com or www.domaintools.com or domain tools or 207.170.4.6</small>		

32

Look up that IP

Using our friend Domaintools

IP Information for 174.127.82.151

IP Location:	 United States Providence Hosting Services Inc
ASN:	AS36351
Resolve Host:	174.127.82.151.static.midphase.com
IP Address:	174.127.82.151     

NetRange: 174.127.64.0 - 174.127.127.255
CIDR: 174.127.64.0/18
OriginAS: AS32780

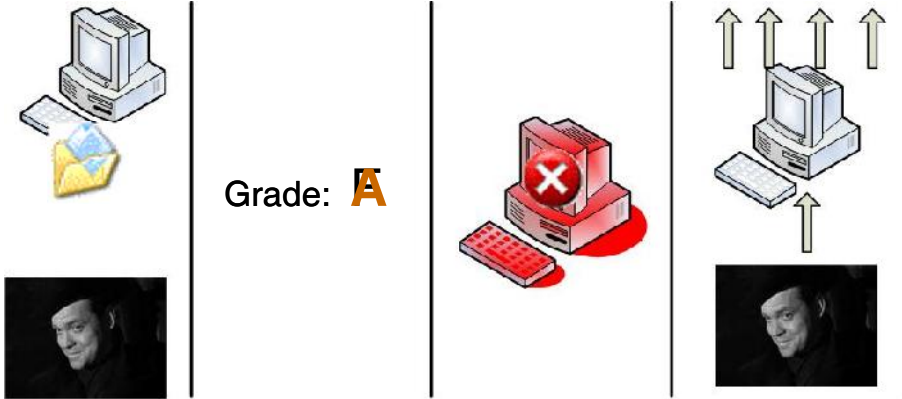
33

Variety of Internet Crime

34

Hacking: The goals

Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability, and Use



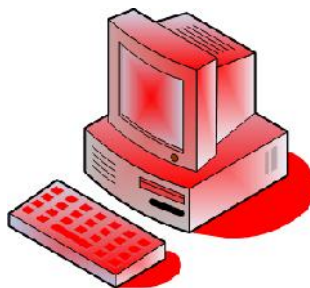
35

Vulnerabilities and exploits

Errors in code, and ways to take advantage

Xyq5%zZ[{/

abc
d



36

Common vulnerabilities

Server software, applications



37

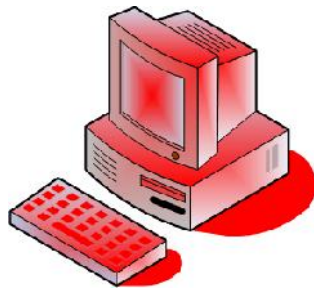
One hack leads to another



38

Bots

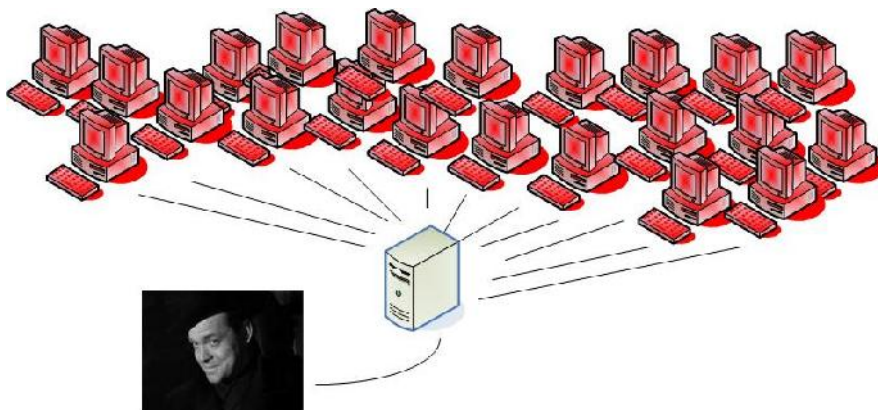
Personal computers



39

Botnets

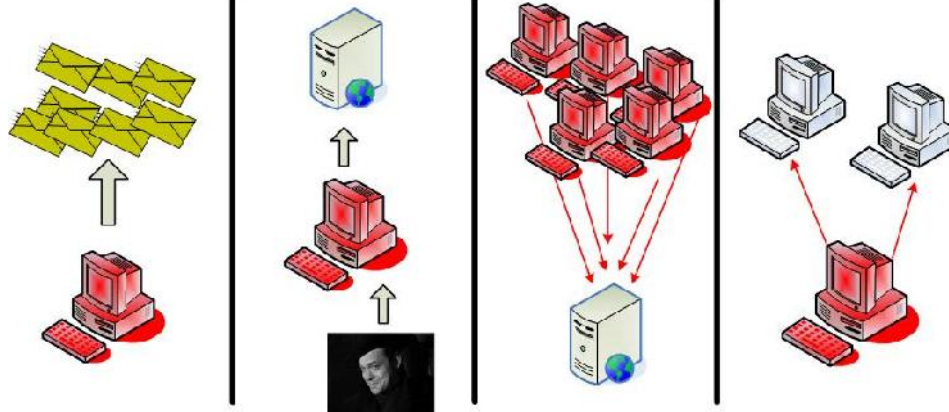
Huge collections of bots



40

Uses for botnets

Spam; proxies; attacks; making more bots



41

Peer-to-Peer file sharing (P2P)

42

Review: the client/server model

The opposite of peer-to-peer



Send me
"www.tasteyoulove.com"

Client request



Server response

43

What is Peer-to-Peer?

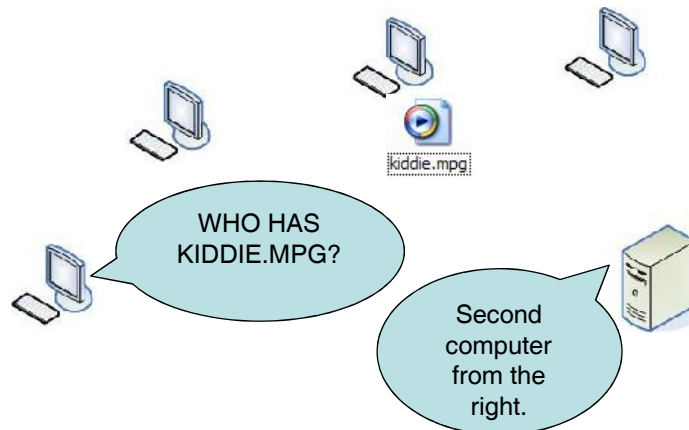
Sharing files, using servers as little as possible



44

Old style P2P

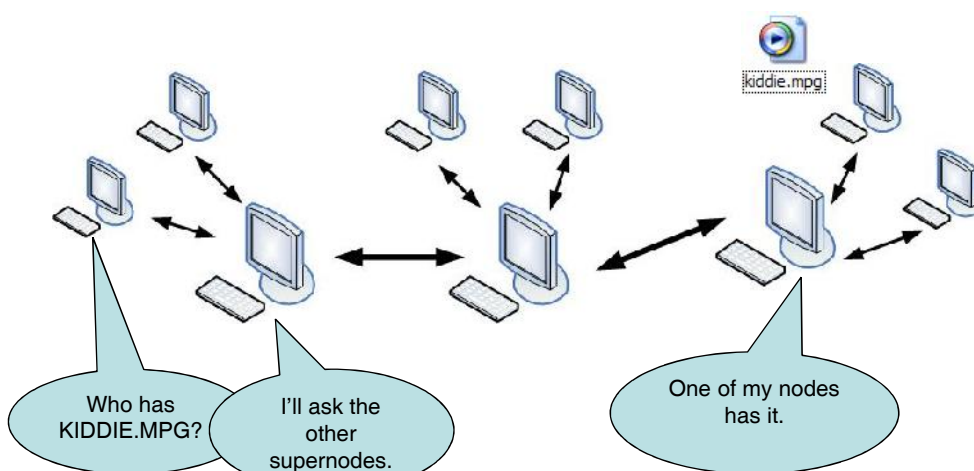
Relied on a server to keep track of the peers



45

Newer style P2P

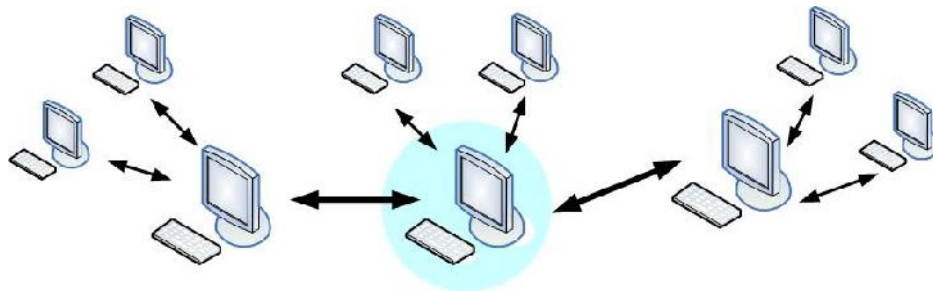
Uses "supernodes" instead of central servers



46

Investigating P2P

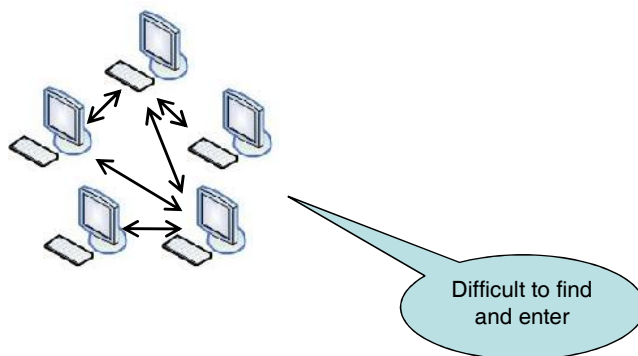
Done through undercover work



47

Today: Gigatribe and Darknets

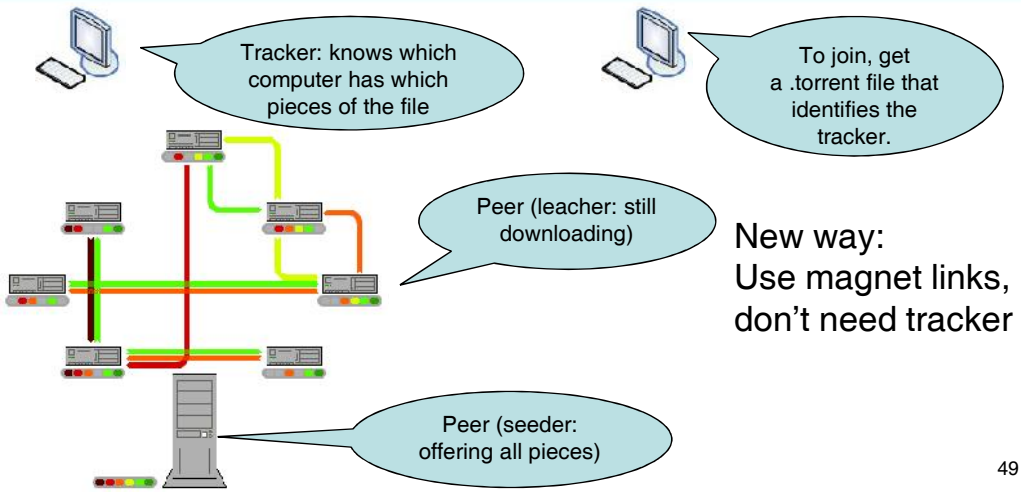
Small, private communities sharing files



48

Today: BitTorrent

Efficient technology for a huge number of people to share huge files



49



www.cybercrime.gov

Computer Crime and Intellectual Property Section
U.S. Department of Justice

50