Health Data and the Government Multi-Purpose Card (GMPC)

2nd Asia-Pacific

Smart Health Card Discussion Forum

Bangkok

8-9 April 2009

Background

- The Government Multi-Purpose Card Project (GMPC) is one of the original seven flagship applications under the Multimedia Super Corridor (MSC) initiative launched by the Malaysian Government in 1997.
- The use of a single chip-based smart card (the MyKad – Malaysia Kad Akuan Diri) which contains the national identification document, individual's driving license, individual's health information, bank card, international passport etc.

Background

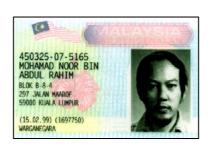
 Currently there are 30 applications including Government services, border control, electronic payments, user authentication, loyalty programmes, education, mobile applications, and others that be used on the MyKad

Evolution Of Malaysian Identification Document











MyKad Features





CARD FEATURES

- 64K bytes microprocessor chip
- Uses built-in cryptographic co-processor
- Conforms to ISO 7816
- Biometrics Thumb Print minutiae in chip
- Colour photo and detail information in chip
- Enhanced card surface security features
- MCOS operating system with Dynamic Loading Ready (DLR)

Utility of the health data on MyKad

- Emergencies
- Limited backup for continuity of care complementing LHR

Health Data on MyKad

2.6KB out of 32/64KB

- Next of kin
- Health Status
- Visit episode summary records
 - 2 outpatient visits
 - 1 inpatient admission

Health Data on MyKad

- 1. Demographic data
 - 1. Next of kin
- 2. Static health data
 - 1. Blood group
 - 2. Allergies
 - 3. Immunisation
 - 4. Implants
 - 5. Chronic disease/disabilities
 - 6. Current medication
 - 7. Insurance/Third party payer
- 3. Dynamic health data
 - 1. Visit episode

Access to health data on MyKad

- Different categories
 - Data
 - User
- Different levels of access
 - Read only
 - Write only
 - Read and Write
- Security Access Module (SAM) in the card reader

MyKad Readers



Key Ring Reader



Desktop Reader





Mobile Readers

Individual's choice

Opt in

- Individuals decide
 - Who can access
 - What can be access
- Doctor/care provider enables
 - Writing data to the card

Implementation

Pilot project: 2001-02

Putrajaya Hospital

Putrajaya Health Clinic

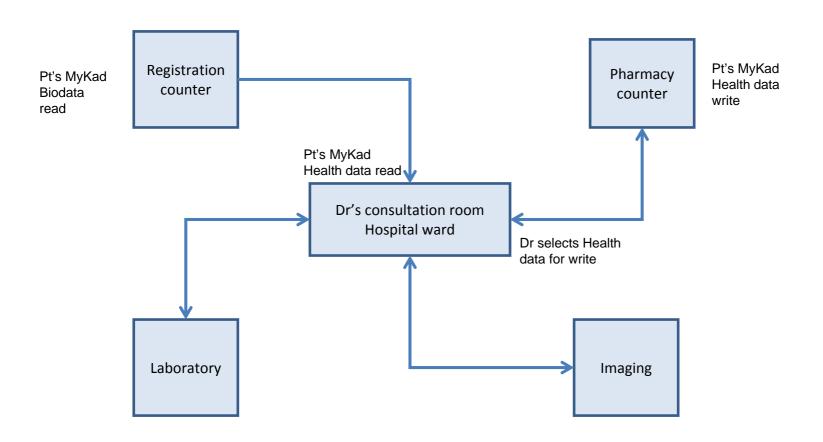
Workflow:

registration - read demographic data

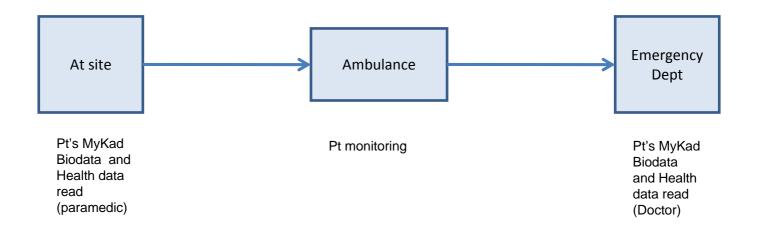
consultation - read health data, select data to write

dispensary - write data

Workflow – Hospital/Clinic



Workflow – Emergency Care



Issues

- Requires some form of IT in place
- No immediate benefit to the individual or his healthcare provider
- Additional work for the healthcare provider
- Individual concerns on privacy/security
- Individual cannot view his own health data

Thank you

Dr. Amiruddin Hisan
Director, Telehealth Division, MOH Malaysia
dramiruddin@moh.gov.my