



### **Outline**



- Main themes of workshop
- E-governance Experiences of Chinese Taipei

2008/2/27



# Research, Development and Evaluation Commission



- Providing supports to the Cabinet
  - ✓ social policies review and policy researches
  - √ key management initiatives
    - government structures
    - > performance management
    - > information management
    - > government publications

2008/2/27

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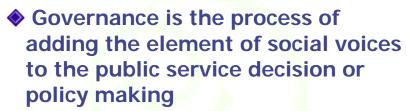


### Good Governance for Advancing Democratic Values

2008/2/27



### Good Governance in a Democratic Society



Governance capitalizes the value of democracy in the daily operation and management of the government

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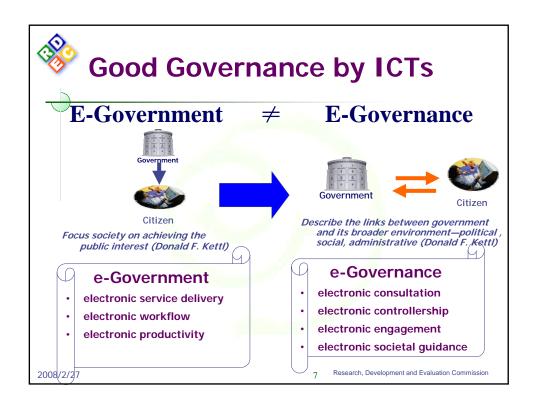


### "Good Governance" by APEC



- ✓ Rule of Law
- ✓ Accountability
- Performance
- √ Responsiveness
- Ethics and Probity
- ✓ Well-designed Structures
- ✓ Risk Management

2008/2/27









#### UNESCO's viewpoint

- improving information and service delivery
- encouraging citizen participation in the decision- making process
- making government more accountable, transparent and effective

#### **♦ OECD's viewpoint**

- delivery of electronic service
- consultation of citizens
- e-democracy

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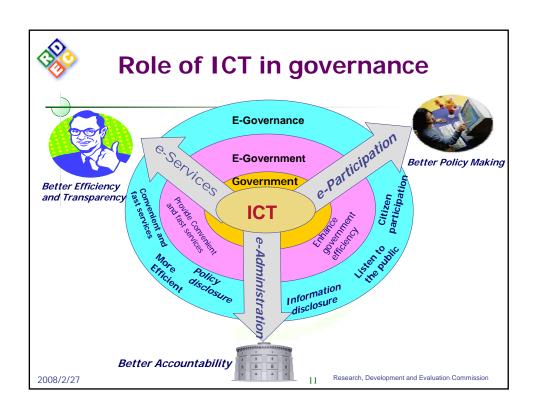
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## **Main Themes of Workshop**

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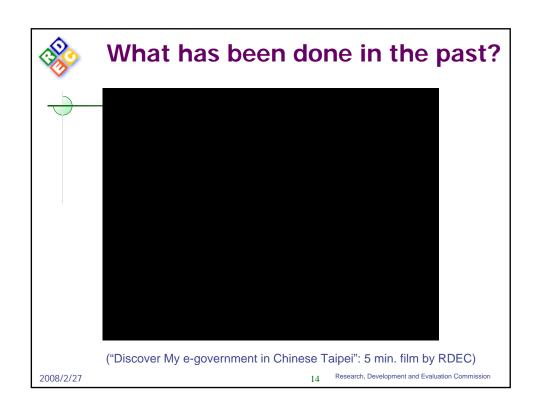
### **Main Theme of Workshop**

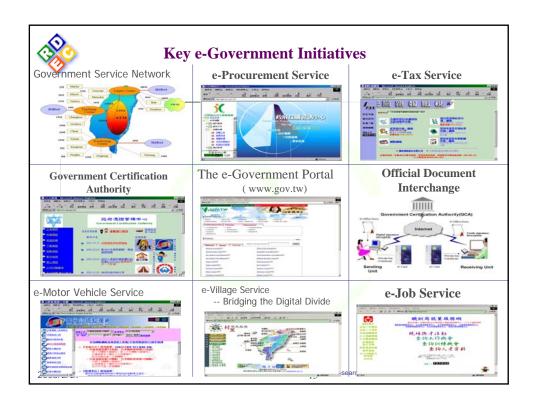


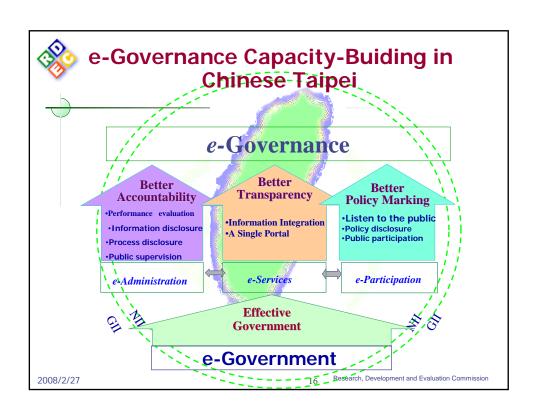
- \*e-Services for Better Efficiency and Transparency
- e-Participation for Better Policy Making

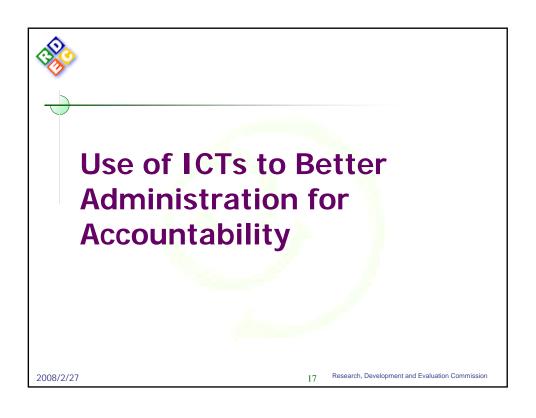
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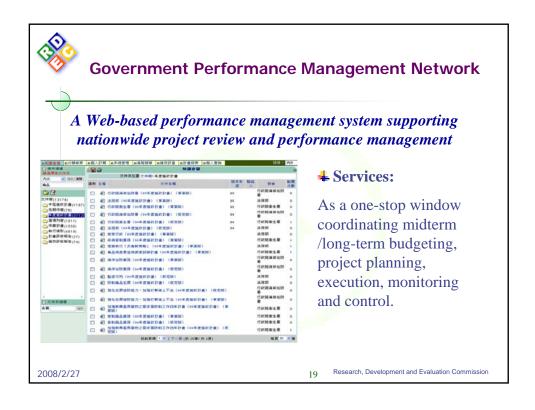


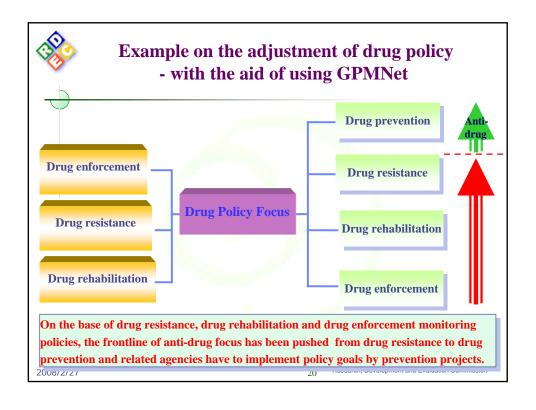














### **Open Government Budgets**



Opening up the Bureau of Budget, Accounting and Statistics for Accuracy and Responsibility



#### **Services:**

- Openly accessible data on government budgets and spending as a reference in developing plans and budgets
- Provide complete data in areas such as personal income and economic growth

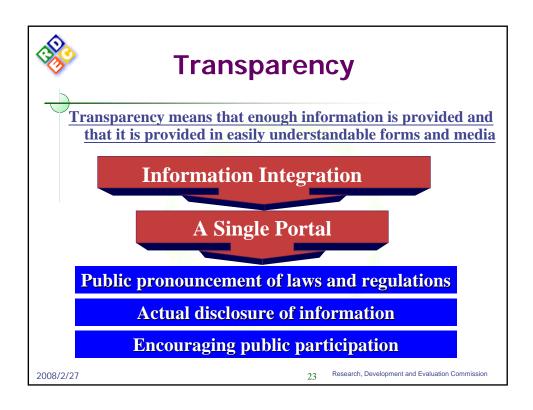
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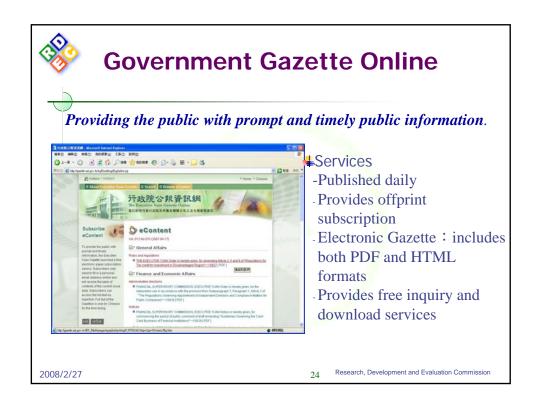




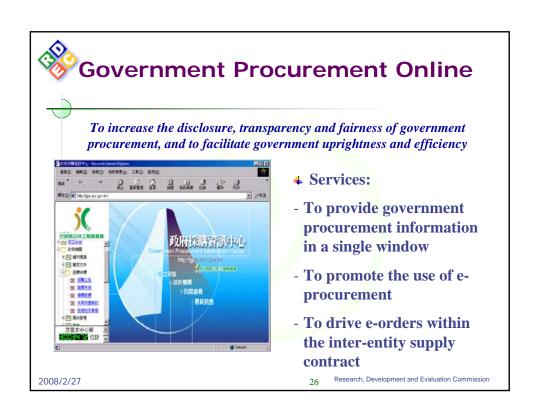
Use of ICTs to Better
Services for Transparency
and Efficiency

2008/2/27



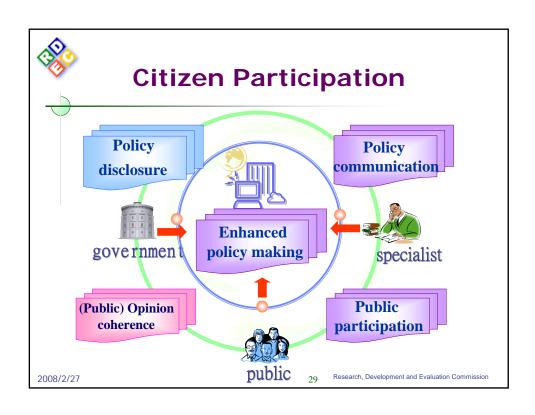


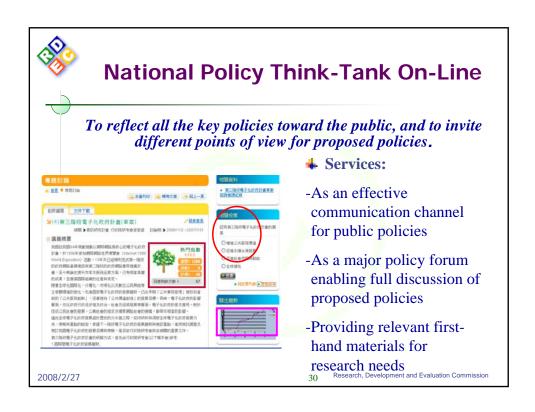




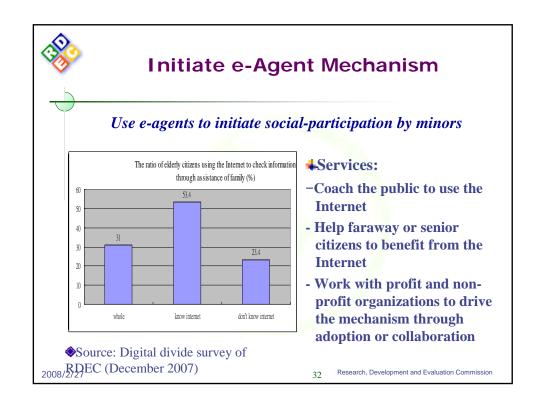


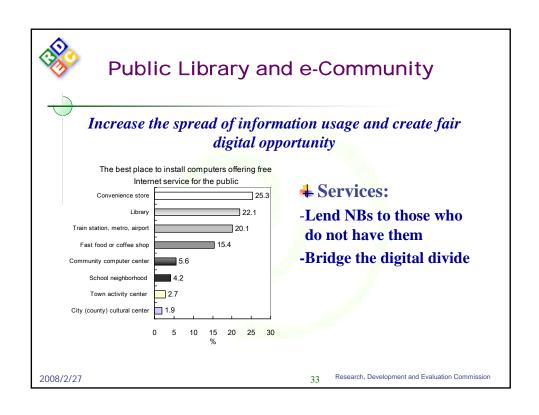












### e-Governance in Japan

# [ e-Administration for Better Accountability ]

#### **Prof. Toshio OBI**

Director, APEC e-Government Research Center; and Director, Institute of e-Government, Waseda University, Japan

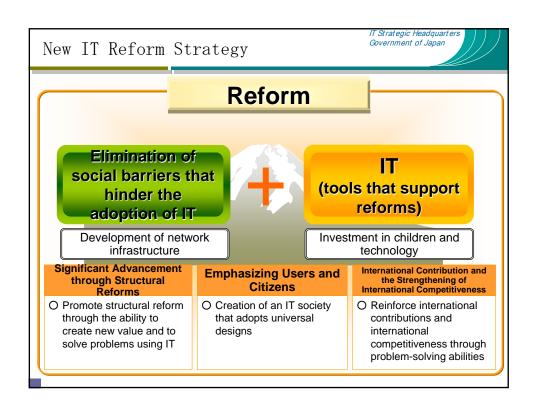
# 1. Structural Reform and Management Optimization

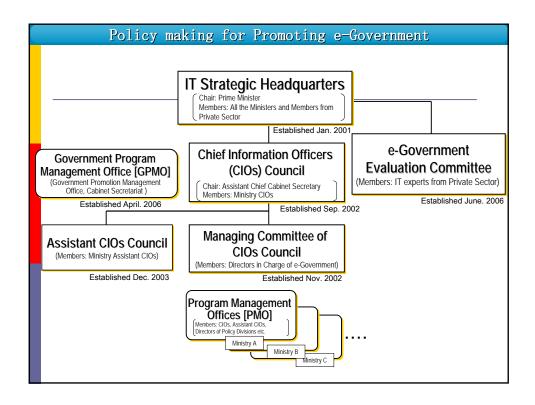
#### Five priority areas:

- 1. Public sector management and governance
- 2. Regulatory reform
- 3. Economic and legal infrastructure
- 4. Competition policy
- 5. Corporate governance

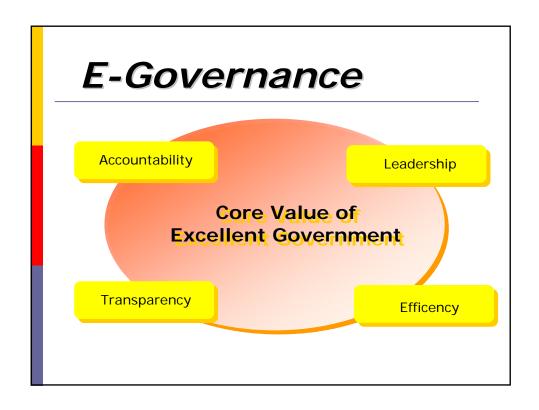
# <u>Positive linkage between public</u> and business sectors:

- 1. Business efficiency
- 2. Deregulation
- 3. Competition
- 4. Creation of new industry
- Small and medium enterprises









# 2. Development of ICT Infrastructure and network

- 1.ICT society without digital divide
- 2.universal design with global Standard
- 3. Ubiquitous Society that networks that anyone connects anytime from anywhere
- 4.Society where people can live safely and securely.
- 5. Focus on human resource development (HRD) and education
- 6.Promotion of R&D as the foundation for the next generation ICT society
- 7. Japanese international contribution and competitive society

# One of main agendas of IT New Reform Strategy for <u>structural reform</u>

- usage of e-government activities and e-services
- Utilization of disaster information for disaster reduction
- Establishment of ICT infrastructure and network
- Capacity building thru HRD for CIO

# 3. Government CIO and Core Competence for Inventing government

- ●Leadership ●IT capability
- ●E-democracy/E-inclusion/E-participation
- Innovation
- Adept in new areas such as security / IPR / Compliance / knowledge management and /assessment /Environment /Disaster

Familiar in the usage of new business models in private sector such as ERP, EA, SCM and CRM



### the role of CIOs in 5 management fields:

- Strategic Management:promoting egovernment reform in every sector
- Risk Management; Reducing the damage of natural disasters with BCP and cyber terrorist attacks
- Knowledge management; sharing knowledge and intellectual property
- <u>E-governance Management:</u>establishing good governance and compliance
- Environmental management: promoting Green IT and solution for the global warning

With Social and Technological Innovation Japan paradigm sift in Japanese lessons

### Society for

- People with long and healthy lives
- Safe and secure
- Diverse work styles
- Contributing to resolve global environment issues
- "Open" to the whole world

Japan has set up short-term policies implemented: (1)

- 1. Global environmental issues as driver for economic growth and international contribution
- 2. Doubling the investment for the Next Generation which also includes investment for the younger generation and expanding the use of ICT
- 3. Reform in the universities that will not only focus on trainings and courses on ICT technicalities but also on management skills such as CIO that pertains to ICT

### short-term policies implemented (2)

- 4. Increase in investment for Science and Technology to ensure the "Innovation Strategy" will deliver real value
- 5.Review of innovation regulations, social systems, rules and norms
- 6.Implementation of internal government mechanisms to make Japan the world's leading nation in innovation

4. Policy implication and recommendation for APEC(1)

It is a very good timing to evaluate the activities on e-government and economic policy with ICT in the same context, since competition policy with ICT is more interrelated with e-government than in the past.

4. Policy implication and recommendation for APEC(2)

Both ICT and Competition policies cannot be discussed in a single economy and need both global and regional attention for the issues. On this regard, regional cooperation on the role of ICT for Open trade and investment facilitation for regional integration as institutional framework is valuable.

4. Policy implication and recommendation for APEC(3)

CIO as decision-maker of ICT management can play an important role of integration between e-government and structural reform policy. Until now, CIO paid attention to domestic ICT issues and has poor knowledge about global economy and trade issues. We recommend the training for CIO on these activities.

4. Policy implication and recommendation for APEC(4)

There is strong demand for creating comprehensive master plan for e-government for prioritizing the agendas of structural reform, deregulation and competition in APEC region.

# 4. Policy implication and recommendation for APEC(5)

reviewed and monitored periodically by experts to promote APII (Asia and Pacific Information Society).

The cost reduction of investment and procurement by e-municipality in Japan could be identified to get higher reduction of total cost

according to the survey of my Center

# 4. Policy implication and recommendation for APEC(6)

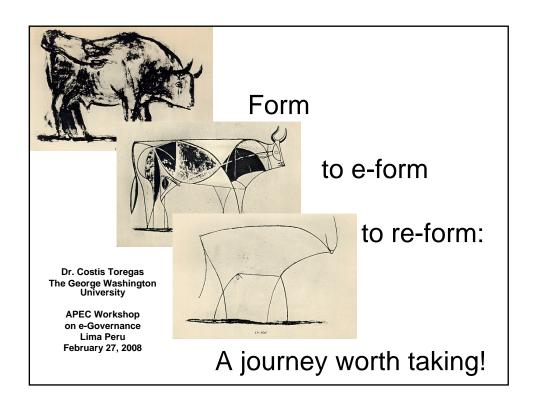
As positive trilateral relationship on government-business-academia, the recommendations should be seriously considered at APEC Ministerial meetings including Economic ministers meetings in Peru and TEL Meeting in Tokyo in March and TELMIN 7 in Bangkok in April

Thank you for your attention on this joint conference between the Economic Committee and TEL.

The cooperation and linkage between them will create integrated synergy effect on common issues for comprehensive solution of egovernment, reform and competition

Toshio Obi Waseda University,Japan

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### Expectations



- Is IT a good tool for structural reform?
- Is there an E-Gov role in public management?

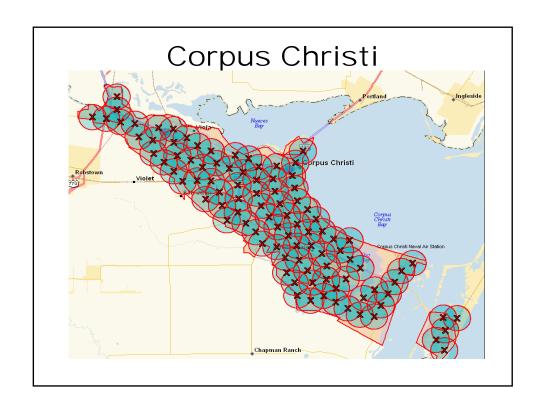
### **Answers**

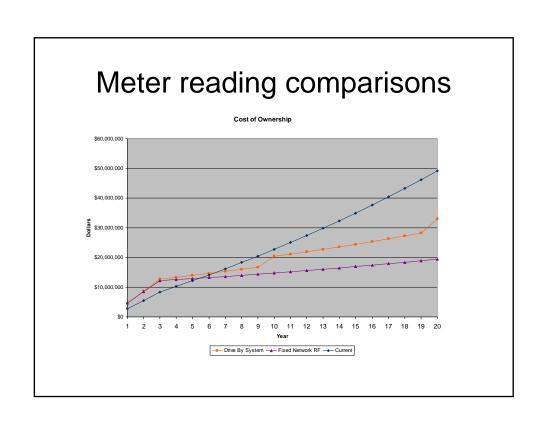
- Necessary but not sufficient conditions
- Beyond portals to business process re-engineering and desired outcomes

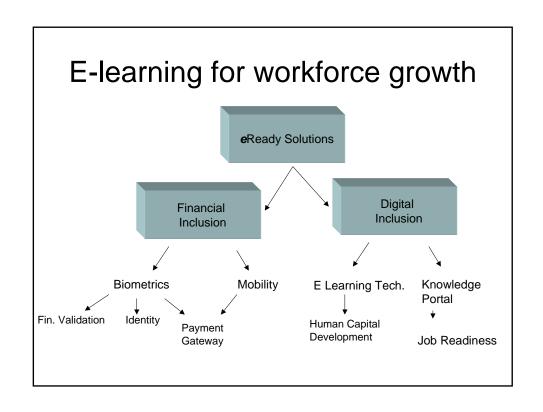


### Pervasive technology today

- WiFi for services and the digital divide
- E-learning for workforce growth
- Congress "Gold Mouse"



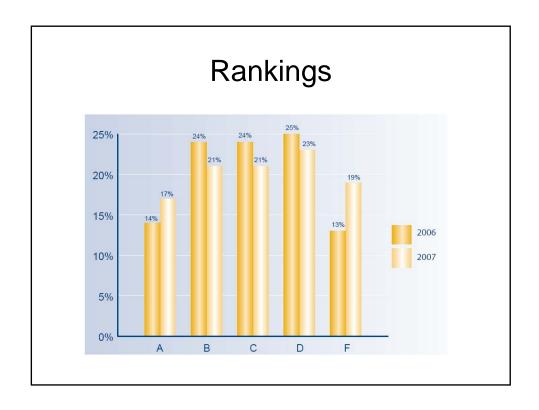




## Congress "Gold Mouse"

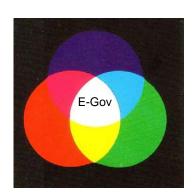


- Audience
- Content
- Usability
- Interactivity
- Innovation



# Defining e-Gov

- Services
- Economic Activity
- Democracy



## Benefits from e-Gov approach

- Connected citizen
- Contained costs
- New views
  - Geography
  - From agency to personal





World Regions	Population ( 2007 Est.)	Population % of World	Internet Usage, Latest Data	% Population ( Penetration )	Usage % of World	Usage Growth 2000-2007
<u>Africa</u>	941,249,130	14.2 %	44,361,940	4.7 %	3.4 %	882.7 %
<u>Asia</u>	3,733,783,474	56.5 %	510,478,743	13.7 %	38.7 %	346.6 %
Europe	801,821,187	12.1 %	348,125,847	43.4 %	26.4 %	231.2 %
Middle East	192,755,045	2.9 %	33,510,500	17.4 %	2.5 %	920.2 %
North America	334,659,631	5.1 %	238,015,529	71.1 %	18.0 %	120.2 %
Latin America/Caribbean	569,133,474	8.6 %	126,203,714	22.2 %	9.6 %	598.5 %
Oceania / Australia	33,569,718	0.5 %	19,175,836	57.1 %	1.5 %	151.6 %
WORLD TOTAL	6,606,971,659	100.0 %	1,319,872,109	20.0 %	100.0 %	265.6 %

# Guiding principles

- Efficiency
- Effectiveness but also
- Transparency
- Ethics
- Equity



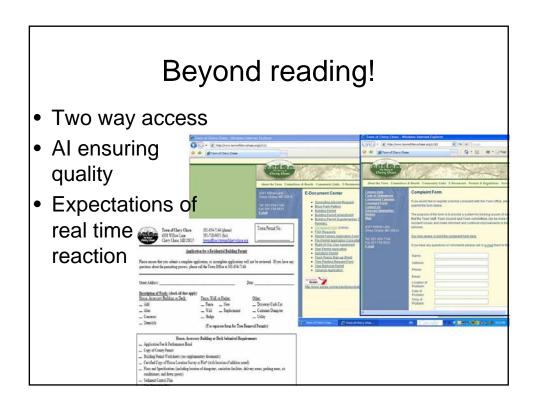


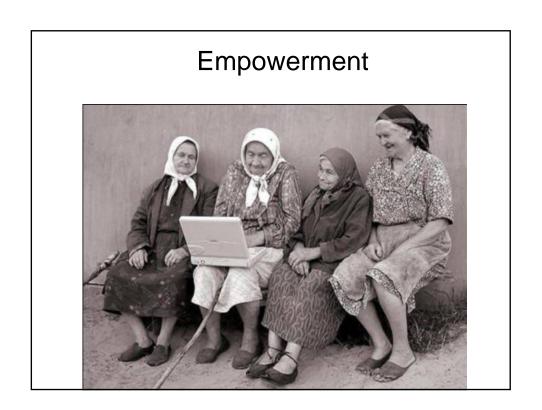


## Where to begin?

- Digitizing of records (form to e-form)
- Secure sharing through the Internet
- Improved access for government workers
- Improved access for citizens







## E-form to reform

- Modernization
- Decentralization
- Devolution
- Citizen orientation



# A question of precedence

• Process / Technology

• Soar like the eagle!

Current Technology

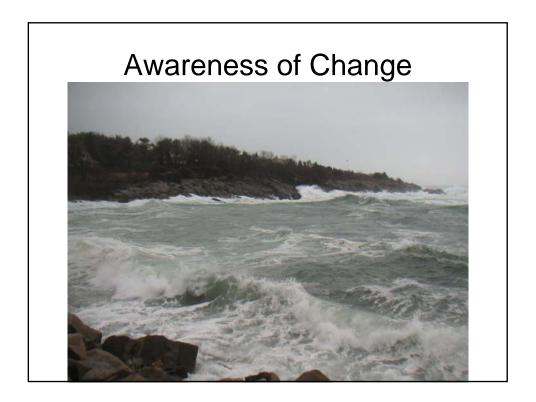
New Technology

Current Process	New Process
1	2
3	4

## **BPR**

- Business process mapping
- Analysis
- Streamlining





# **Duality**

- Decentralized operations
- but
- Centralized management or coordination





# Importance of champions

- Technology
- The Business case for reform

# Legislative challenge

- Laws impeding transparency
- Laws reflecting technology potential
  - Privacy
  - Security
  - Identity theft

— . . .



# **Management Strategies**

- Cross Boundary Leadership
- The human dimension
- Network Management



## Partnerships: Google and my county

#### GIS Data

In addition to the data available in our map store, we also maintain other data. This data can be seen in our free map library. To help the public create your own maps, we're also making some of our non-sales data available.

The data below is provided as a KMZ file, a type of KML (Keyhole Markup Language), which was developed for Google Earth and is widely supported by many mapping applications.

#### **Montgomery County Internal Analysis Boundaries**

Community Analysis Zones (CAZs; analagous to Transportation Analysis Zones, TAZs)

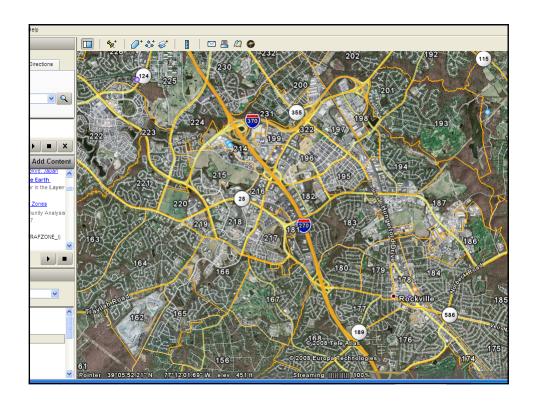
Planning Area Boundaries

Policy Area Boundaries

#### **Montgomery County Park Features**

Parks by Ownership

Park Trails (sorted by permitted use)



# The Ruvin SPIRIT

- No lay-offs
- Empowerment
- Retraining
- User supremacy



# **New Paradigms**

BUREAUCRACY	NETWORK	
Control	Order	
Command	Leadership	
Information on a "need to know" basis	Open access to information	
Programmed change	Emergence of new ideas	
Stability	Constant	
In due time	In real time	
Controls the debate; sets the agenda	Facilitates and joins the debate	
Defined processes, rules	High degree of voluntary compliance	
Assumes scarcity	Assumes abundance	



Camille Barnett

## Learn from others

- Common vocabulary
- Focus on the approach, not the solution
- Communicate



# Stay in touch!

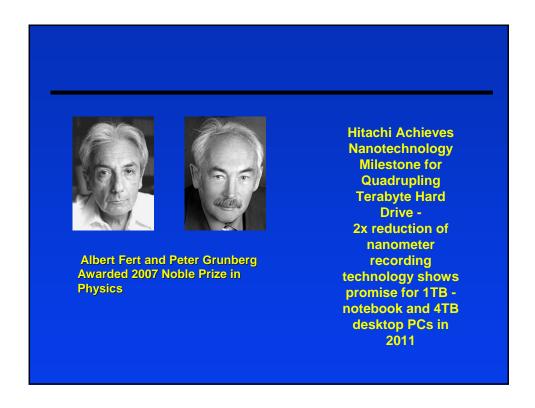
toregas1@gwu.edu

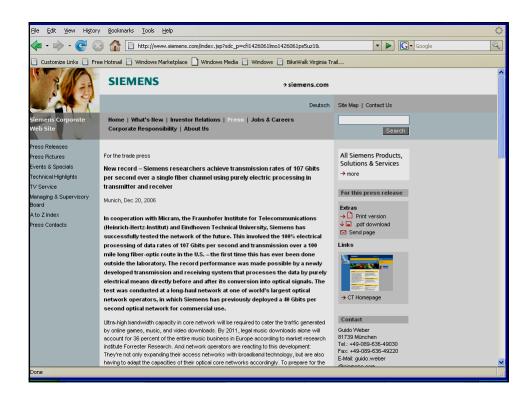
# APEC Economic Committee Workshop on E-Governance

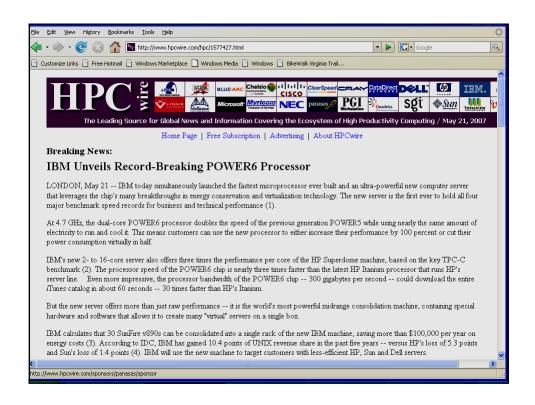
# The Success, Promise and Challenge of eParticipation

J.P. Auffret Center for Advanced Technology Strategy February 27<sup>th</sup>, 2008



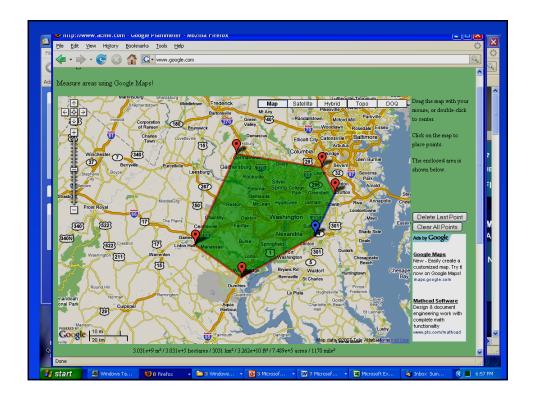


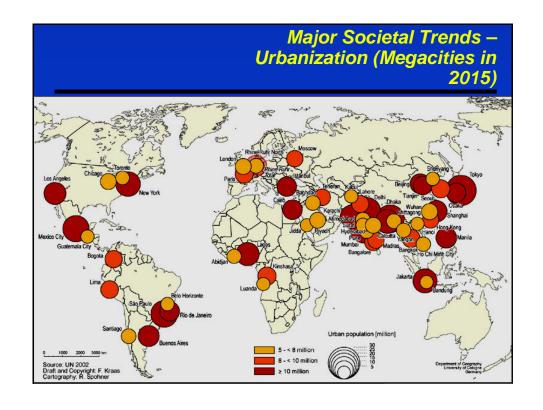


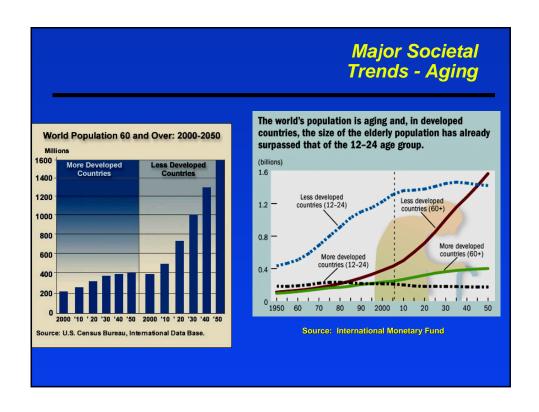


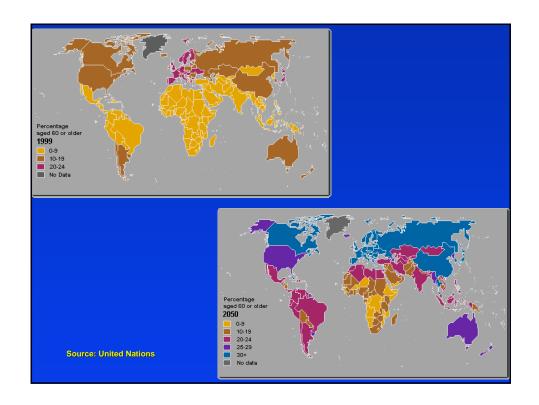












#### The e-Petition Shows My Government is Listening - Tony Blair

The million-strong e-petition against road pricing on the No 10 website is an opportunity, not because I share the petitioners' views - I don't - but because I know the country needs to have a full debate on how we tackle road congestion and this petition has helped spark it. It's a sign of just how fast politics has changed in the last decade that, while I once was criticised for being a control freak, I now find myself under attack for allowing dissenting views on my own website. And there is no doubt it used to be accepted wisdom, which I too accepted, that politicians needed to frame the shape of any debate and only engage with issues on their own terms. But I don't believe this is possible any longer. We have to remember that No 10's new e-petition service has not generated the views against road pricing that have been expressed by more than a million people. They were already there and it's not possible, wise or healthy for politicians to try and sweep them under the carpet.

What it has given us is the ability, which was simply not there before, to engage with those who have signed the petition and with everyone else in the country on what are the options for tackling congestion on our roads and, indeed, the other long-term challenges facing our country.

Our country must gain from a more informed debate. For what's clear is the challenges we face are more complex than ever and that there are simply no easy answers - whether, for example, it's how we tackle climate change, provide affordable and sustainable pensions or secure future energy supplies.

I also strongly believe that the more people understand the nature and scale of the problems, the more likely we will as a country reach the right decisions on the way forward. So we should welcome debate and use every channel to engage with it. In doing so we should also consider the implications for institutions that were established before the advent of the internet. The web offers people the chance to express their views at very little cost and, as this week has shown, generate a national debate at the click of a mouse.

Over the next few days, I will be sending out a response to everyone who has signed the petition against road charging, explaining the problems the country faces and why I believe road charging is surely part of the answer here as it is in many other countries.

I'm not kidding myself that this will change people's views overnight. I am convinced, however, that the focus on this issue that the e-petition has brought about will help improve our understanding of the problems and the realisation that there are no cost-free answers. And that surely has got to be good news for the health of our democracy and for the chances of our country coming up with the right and sustainable solutions to the long-term challenges we face.

In The Observer, Sunday, February 18<sup>th</sup>, 2007



# eParticipation and Related Phrases eParticipation eDemocracy Online citizen engagement Participatory budgeting "Engaging citizens in policy-making is a sound investment in the design and delivery of better public policies and a core element of good governance" – OECD 2003

#### eParticipation Rationale

- Enhance public policy and government
- Develop greater government accountability and public trust
- Increase social inclusion including of aged and disadvantaged

eParticipation and by extension social inclusion are key aspects of meeting the 21st Century challenges of urbanization and aging societies

# eParticipation Policy Making Stages and Modes of Participation

- Policy Making Stages
  - Agenda Setting
  - Analysis
  - Formulation
  - Implementation
  - Monitoring

- Modes of eParticipation
  - Information
  - Consultation
  - Active Participation

# eParticipation Media and Technologies

- Media
  - Internet
  - SMS
  - Kiosks
  - Email
  - Wireless

- Technologies
  - ePetition
  - Discussion Forums
  - Wikis
  - Blogs
  - Online surveys
  - eVoting
  - Feedback boards
  - Project collaborative tools
  - Social Media

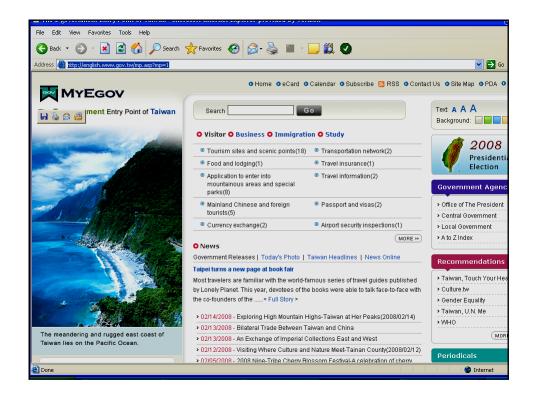
# eParticipation Scope and Readiness

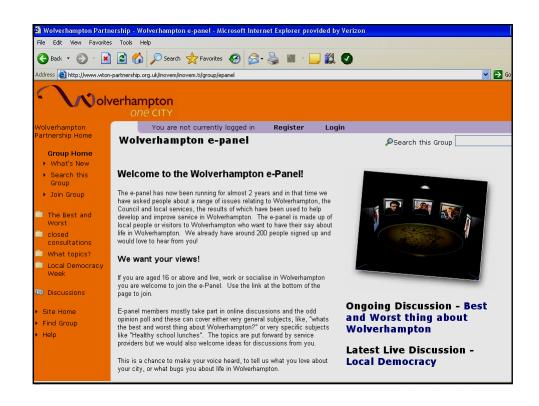
- eParticipation Scope
  - National and regional
  - Rural and urban
  - All citizens or to segments of society
- eParticipation Readiness
  - ICT readiness
  - Participative tradition
  - Government policies
  - Social structures and institutional processes

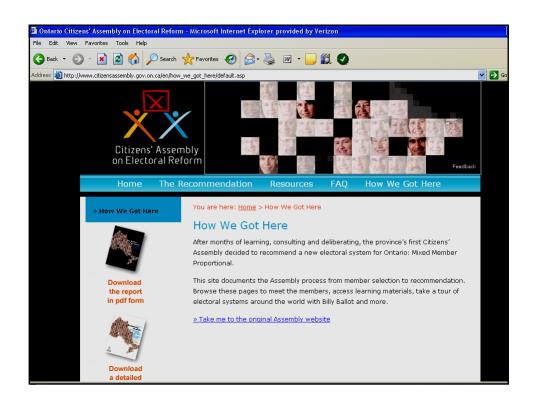
#### eParticipation Cases

- Office of the President Republic of the Philippines
- My Egov Taiwan
- Wolverhampton One City
- Ontario Citizens Assembly
- Unified New Orleans Plan
- New Zealand Government Participate
- CyberVote

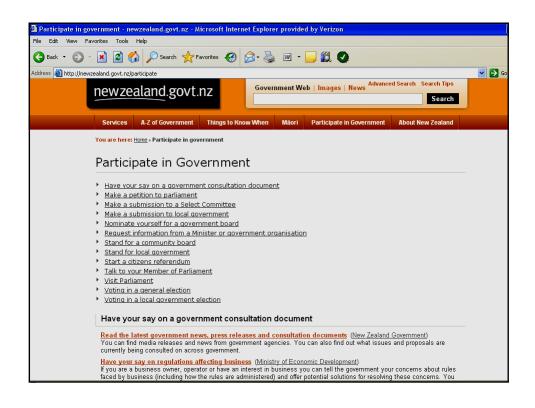














#### eParticipation Challenges and Associated Best Practices

- Fostering government champions and grassroots leadership
- Scaling from pilots to broader adoption
- Building platforms and matching path to goals
- Building human capacity and promoting active citizenship
- Integrating eParticipation with eGovernment with citizen engagement traditions
- Connecting with and building awareness amongst citizens
- Reinforcing citizen interest through government commitment

# eParticipation and Social Inclusion

- Technology provides an avenue of social engagement for the aged, rural and socially disadvantaged
- There is a substantial challenge of incorporating technology with communities, social structures and institutional processes
- And a risk that inclusion programs, based on technology, result in less inclusive societies

Greatest technology for social inclusion successes are when non-intrusive technology is a small part of a larger social inclusion initiative that is consistent with social structures

#### eParticipation Metrics

#### Project Specific

- Number (percentage) of target public segment that is aware of initiative, participates in the initiative once, and then participates in the initiative multiple times.
- Quality of public engagement versus planned goals
- Degree to which government considers the results of public engagement in agenda setting and policy making.
- Degree of integration into overall eGovernment program
- Project management specific metrics of meeting schedule and budget, and providing planned scope.

#### eParticipation Metrics

#### High-Level

- Enhanced public policy processes
- Improved public policies
- Greater public trust and government accountability
- Increased public participation in agenda setting and decision making
- Greater social inclusion of aged, rural and socially disadvantaged.

#### eParticipation Conclusions

- eParticipation is part of good government and can provide a means to better public policies, enhanced public trust and social inclusion – including in the context of aging societies and urbanization
- While today's technologies provide a means to eParticipation, overall success is predicated on good leadership and commitment, and initiative design that is consistent with social structures, institutional processes and the overall eGovernment framework.

#### eParticipation Conclusions

Building on the many eParticipation successes in APEC and worldwide - APEC Economies, regions and municipalities can enhance public engagement and further good government through eParticipation.



## e-Participation Experience in Chinese Taipei

#### **Dr. Lichun Chiang**

Deputy Director for International Cooperation, Taiwan e-Governance Research Center Associate Professor, National Cheng Kung University



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# **Opening Remarks**

- Since 2004, Chinese Taipei has been listed among the top 3 in the global e-government rankings conducted by Brown University of the U.S.
- The e-vision in 2020:From e-government to e-governance
- Presentation Structure
  - Part I: Introduction of

Taiwan e-Governance Research Center

Part II: e-Participation cases in Chinese Taipei





#### Part I

# Introduction of Taiwan e-Governance Research Center









3



#### Taiwan e-Governance Research Center

#### At-A-Glance

- The Taiwan e-Governance Research Center (TEG) was established in 2007, with support from the Research, Development and Evaluation Commission (RDEC).
- The TEG's goal is to develop policy guidelines to further e-government program.
- The TEG aims to be an international center to share knowledge and database of e-governance.





#### Taiwan e-Governance Research Center

#### Mission

The TEG aims to

- Combine theories with reality to provide a perspective on e-governance development;
- Cooperate with international scholars and institutions to advance e-government and diffuse know-how of e-governance;
- Build a knowledge database for e-governance issues and integrate a one-stop online resource;
- Develop a cross-country e-governance framework to provide advice in evaluating e-governance development worldwide.



-



#### Taiwan e-Governance Research Center

#### People



#### Pin-Yu Chu, Director

- Professor, National Chengchi University
- Ph.D., Stanford University



#### Lichun Chiang, Deputy Director

- Associate Professor, National Cheng Kung University
- Ph.D., University of Southern California



#### Naiyi Hsiao, Deputy Director

- Assistant Professor, National Chengchi University
- Ph.D., State University of New York at Albany



#### Tzu-Wen Sung, Chief Executive Officer

- Postdoctoral Fellow, National Chengchi University
- Ph.D., Claremont Graduate University

電子治理研究中心 Talwan e-Governance Research Cessiver



#### Taiwan e-Governance Research Center

#### Current Projects

- The Vision of e-Government in 2020: An Application of Scenario Planning
- A Panel Study on the Effectiveness of e-Governance
- A Study on Government IT Workforce and Budgeting Management—Status Quo, Challenges, and Solutions
- Adaptation of Governing Relationship in Electronic Government
- Cost Benefit Analysis of e-Governance



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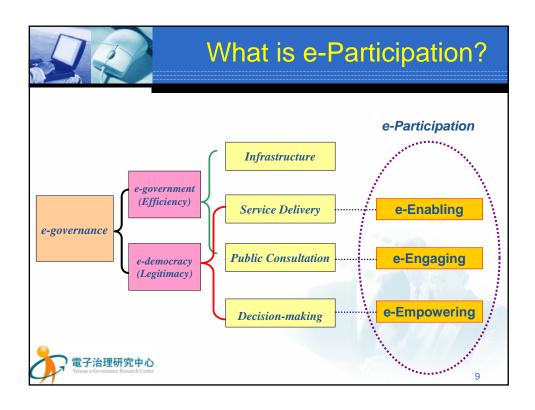


#### **Part II**

e-Participation Cases in Chinese Taipei

- 1. Taipei City Mayor's E-mail Box (TCME)
- 2. RDEC National Policy Think Tank Online





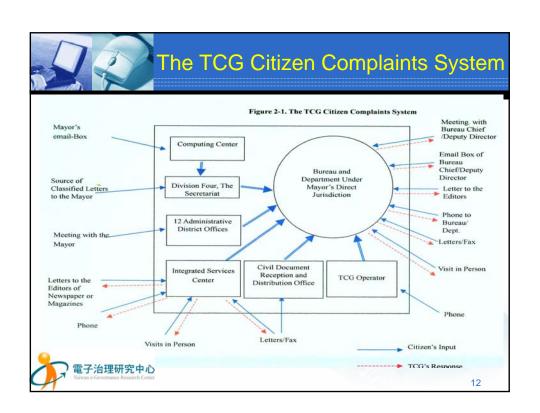


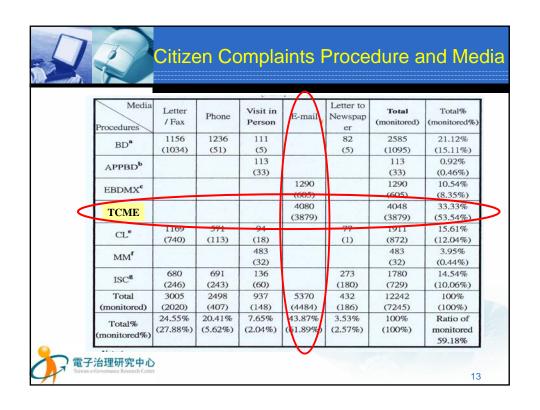


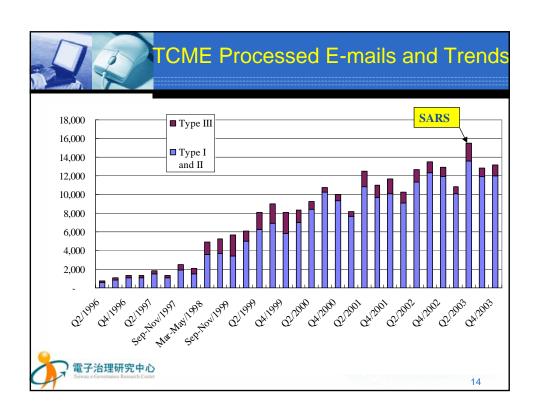
# Background of TCME

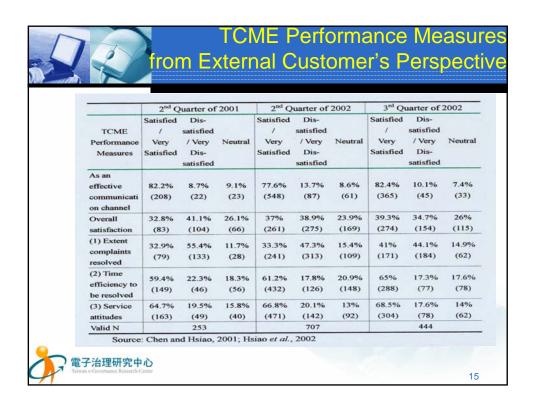
- Democratization, 1st Mayor General Election at 1994
- Responsiveness
- New Information and Communication Technologies (ICT)
- Citizen Complaints Handling Mechanism
- Taipei City Mayor's E-mail Box (TCME)

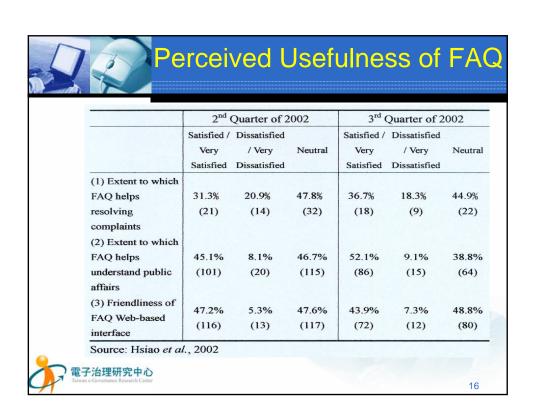














#### Internal Customer's Viewpoint: NGT Results

QUESTION: TCME users usually complain about the system "not solving the problem," what are the reasons behind these complaints?

Rank	Answers	Vote (N)	Vote (%)
1	Citizen with illegal demands	20	37.7%
2	Citizen with "unrealistic expectations"	10	18.9%
3	Citizen not understand the situation well	10	18.9%
4	Can't alter government's policies	9	17.1%
5	Respondents are not front-line law enforcers	2	3.7%
6	Effecting people's interest	2	3.7%
7	Unclear contents, hard to reply	0	0.0%
Total		53	100.0



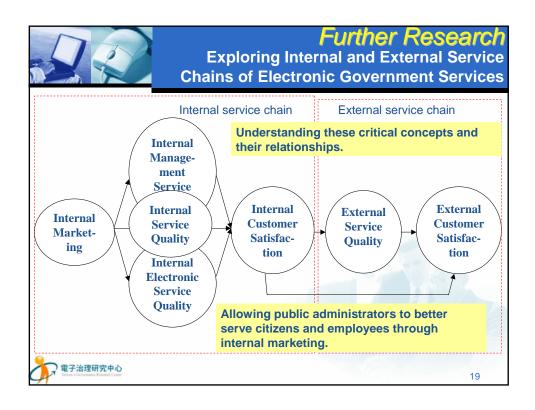
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### Conclusion

- ICT and citizen participation: reduces costs to "entry", increase workload of the public sector
- *The problem of consumer's satisfaction*: FAQ, data mining, digital divide, CRM
- The problem of problem solving: public managers vs. politicians, internal customer's satisfaction













## **National Policy Think Tank Online**

#### Status of Promotions

- Dec. 2006: Completion of the system.
- **Sept. 2006**: Held nine workshops with over 600 staff in attendance.
- As of Feb. 2008: Posted information on websites, including 240 policy reports, 181 policy discussion forums, 39 national pitch forums.



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